

General tenancy agreement (Form 18a)

Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008



Part 1 Tenancy details

Item 1 1.1 Lessor

Name/trading name		
Address		
c/- 35 Morrow Street Taringa QLD 4068	Postcode	
1.2 Phone	Mobile	Email
3721 8300	0427 843 414	info@altitudeapartments.com.au

Item 2 2.1 Tenant/s

Tenant 1	Full name/s
Phone	Email
Tenant 2	Full name/s
Phone	Email
Tenant 3	Full name/s
Phone	Email

2.2 Address for service (if different from address of the premises in item 5.1) Attach a separate list

Item 3 3.1 Agent If applicable. See clause 43

Full name/trading name	Oriental Mgt Group P/L ATF The Zhengs Family Trust T/As Altitude At Taringa	
Address		
35 Morrow Street, Taringa QLD 4068	Postcode	
3.2 Phone	Mobile	Email
3721 8300	0427 843414	info@altitudeapartments.com.au

Item 4 Notices may be given to (Indicate if the email is different from item 1, 2 or 3 above)

4.1 Lessor
Email Yes No Facsimile Yes No

4.2 Tenant/s
Email Yes No Facsimile Yes No

4.3 Agent
Email Yes No Facsimile Yes No

Item 5 5.1 Address of the rental premises

Unit / 35 Morrow Street, Taringa Qld 4068	Postcode
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5.2 Inclusions provided. For example, furniture or other household goods let with the premises. Attach list if necessary

Fully furnished as per inventories

Item 6 6.1 The term of the agreement is fixed term agreement periodic agreement

6.2 Starting on 6.3 Ending on

Fixed term agreements only.
For continuation of tenancy agreement, see clause 6



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Item 7 Rent \$ per week fortnight month See clause 8(1)

Item 8 Rent must be paid on the day of each
Insert day. See clause 8(2) Insert week, fortnight or month

Item 9 **Method of rent payment** Insert the way the rent must be paid. See clause 8(3)

Details for direct credit

BSB no. Bank/building society/credit union

Account no. Account name

Payment reference

Item 10 **Place of rent payment** Insert where the rent must be paid. See clause 8(4) to 8(6)

Item 11 Rental bond amount \$ See clause 13

Item 12 **12.1 The services supplied to the premises for which the tenant must pay** See clause 16

Electricity Yes No Any other service that a tenant must pay Yes No
 Gas Yes No Type See special terms (page 8)
 Phone Yes No

12.2 Is the tenant to pay for water supplied to the premises See clause 17

Yes No

Item 13 **If the premises is not individually metered for a service under item 12.1, the apportionment of the cost of the service for which the tenant must pay.** For example, insert the percentage of the total charge the tenant must pay. See clause 16(c)

Electricity Any other service stated in item 12.1
 Gas See special terms (page 8)
 Phone

Item 14 **How services must be paid for** Insert for each how the tenant must pay. See clause 16(d)

Electricity
 Gas
 Phone
 Any other service stated in item 12.1
See special terms (page 8)

Item 15 Number of persons allowed to reside at the premises See clause 23

Item 16 **16.1 Are there any body corporate by-laws applicable to the occupation of the premises by a tenant?** Yes No
See clause 22

16.2 Has the tenant been given a copy of the relevant by-laws See clause 22 Yes No

Item 17 **17.1 Pets approved** Yes No See clause 24(1)

17.2 The types and number of pets that may be kept See clause 24(2)
 Type Number Type Number

Item 18 **Nominated repairers** Insert name and telephone number for each. See clause 31

Electrical repairs	<input type="text" value="Altitude At Taringa"/>	Phone	<input type="text" value="By email to office"/>
Plumbing repairs	<input type="text" value="Altitude At Taringa"/>	Phone	<input type="text" value="or if emergency"/>
Other	<input type="text" value="Altitude At Taringa"/>	Phone	<input type="text" value="Contact 0427 843414"/>

Part 2 Standard Terms

Division 1 Preliminary

1 Interpretation

In this agreement –

- (a) a reference to **the premises** includes a reference to any inclusions for the premises stated in this agreement for item 5.2; and
- (b) a reference to a numbered section is a reference to the section in the Act with that number; and
- (c) a reference to a numbered item is a reference to the item with that number in part 1; and
- (d) a reference to a numbered clause is a reference to the clause of this agreement with that number.

2 Terms of a general tenancy agreement

- (1) This part states, under the *Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008 (the Act)*, section 55, the standard terms of a general tenancy agreement.
 - (2) The Act also imposes duties on, and gives entitlements to, the lessor and tenant that are taken to be included as terms of this agreement.
 - (3) The lessor and tenant may agree on other terms of this agreement (**special terms**).
 - (4) A duty or entitlement under the Act overrides a standard term or special term if the term is inconsistent with the duty or entitlement.
 - (5) A standard term overrides a special term if they are inconsistent.
- Note* – Some breaches of this agreement may also be an offence under the Act, for example, if –
- the lessor or the lessor's agent enters the premises in contravention of the rules of entry under sections 192 to 199; or
 - the tenant does not sign and return the condition report to the lessor or the lessor's agent under section 65.

3 More than 1 lessor or tenant

- (1) This clause applies if more than 1 person is named in this agreement for item 1 or 2.
- (2) Each lessor named in this agreement for item 1 must perform all of the lessor's obligations under this agreement.
- (3) Each tenant named in this agreement for item 2 –
 - (a) holds their interest in the tenancy as a tenant in common unless a special term states the tenants are joint tenants; and
 - (b) must perform all the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

Division 2 Period of tenancy

4 Start of tenancy

- (1) The tenancy starts on the day stated in this agreement for item 6.2.
- (2) However, if no day is stated or if the stated day is before the signing of this agreement, the tenancy starts when the tenant is or was given a right to occupy the premises.

5 Entry condition report – s 65

- (1) The lessor must prepare, in the approved form, sign and give the tenant 1 copy of a condition report for the premises.
- (2) The copy must be given to the tenant on or before the day the tenant occupies the premises under this agreement.
- (3) The tenant must mark the copy of the report to show any parts the tenant disagrees with, and sign and return the copy to the lessor not later than 3 days after the later of the following days –
 - (a) the day the tenant is entitled to occupy the premises;
 - (b) the day the tenant is given the copy of the condition report.

Note – A well completed condition report can be very important to help the parties if there is a dispute about the condition of the premises when the tenancy started. For more information about condition reports, see the information statement.
- (4) After the copy of the condition report is returned to the lessor by the tenant, the lessor must copy the condition report and return it to the tenant within 14 days.

6 Continuation of fixed term agreement – s 70

- (1) This clause applies if –
 - (a) this agreement is a fixed term agreement; and
 - (b) none of the following notices are given, or agreements or applications made before the day the term ends (**the end day**) –
 - (i) a notice to leave;
 - (ii) a notice of intention to leave;
 - (iii) an abandonment termination notice;
 - (iv) a notice, agreement or application relating to the death of a sole tenant under section 277(7);
 - (v) a written agreement between the lessor and tenant to end the agreement.
 - (2) This agreement, other than a term about this agreement's term, continues to apply after the end day on the basis that the tenant is holding over under a periodic agreement.
- Note* – For more information about the notices, see the information statement.

7 Costs apply to early ending of fixed term agreement

- (1) This clause applies if –
 - (a) this agreement is a fixed term agreement; and
 - (b) the tenant terminates it before the term ends in a way not permitted under the Act.
 - (2) The tenant must pay the reasonable costs incurred by the lessor in reletting the premises.
- Note* – For when the tenant may terminate early under the Act, see clause 36 and the information statement. Under section 362, the lessor has a general duty to mitigate (avoid or reduce) the costs.

Division 3 Rent

8 When, how and where rent must be paid – ss 83 and 85

- (1) The tenant must pay the rent stated in this agreement for item 7.
- (2) The rent must be paid at the times stated in this agreement for item 8.
- (3) The rent must be paid –
 - (a) in the way stated in this agreement for item 9; or
 - (b) in the way agreed after the signing of this agreement by –
 - (i) the lessor or tenant giving the other party a notice proposing the way; and
 - (ii) the other party agreeing to the proposal in writing; or
 - (c) if there is no way stated in this agreement for item 9 or no way agreed after the signing of this agreement – in an approved way under section 83(4).

Note – If the way rent is to be paid is another way agreed on by the lessor and tenant under section 83(4)(g), the lessor or the lessor's agent must comply with the obligations under section 84(2).
- (4) The rent must be paid at the place stated in this agreement for item 10.
- (5) However, if, after the signing of this agreement, the lessor gives a notice to the tenant stating a different place for payment and the place is reasonable, the rent must be paid at the place while the notice is in force.
- (6) If no place is stated in this agreement for item 10 and there is no notice stating a place, the rent must be paid at an appropriate place.

Examples of an appropriate place –

- the lessor's address for service
- the lessor's agent's office

9 Rent in advance – s 87

The lessor may require the tenant to pay rent in advance only if the payment is not more than –

- (a) for a periodic agreement – 2 weeks rent; or
- (b) for a fixed term agreement – 1 month rent.

Note – Under section 87(2), the lessor or the lessor's agent must not require a payment of rent under this agreement in a period for which rent has already been paid.

10 Rent increases – ss 91 and 93

- (1) If the lessor proposes to increase the rent, the lessor must give notice of the proposal to the tenant.
- (2) The notice must state the amount of the increased rent and the day from when it is payable.
- (3) The day stated must not be earlier than the later of the following –
 - (a) 2 months after the notice is given;
 - (b) 6 months after the day the existing rent became payable by the tenant.
- (4) Subject to an order of a tribunal, the increased rent is payable from the day stated in the notice, and this agreement is taken to be amended accordingly.
- (5) However, if this agreement is a fixed term agreement, the rent may be increased before the term ends only if a special term –
 - (a) provides for a rent increase; and
 - (b) states the amount of the increase or how the amount of the increase is to be worked out.
- (6) A rent increase is payable by the tenant only if the rent is increased under this clause.

11 Application to tribunal about excessive increase – s 92

- (1) If a notice of proposed rent increase is given and the tenant considers the increase is excessive, the tenant may apply to a tribunal for an order setting aside or reducing the increase.
- (2) However, the application must be made –
 - (a) within 30 days after the notice is received; and
 - (b) for a fixed term agreement – before the term ends.

12 Rent decreases – s 94

Under section 94, the rent may decrease in certain situations.

Note – For details of the situations, see the information statement.

Division 4 Rental bond

13 Rental bond required – ss 111 and 116

- (1) If a rental bond is stated in this agreement for item 11, the tenant must pay to the lessor or the lessor's agent the rental bond amount –
 - (a) if a special term requires the bond to be paid at a stated time – at the stated time; or
 - (b) if a special term requires the bond to be paid by instalments – by instalments; or
 - (c) otherwise – when the tenant signs this agreement.

Note – There is a maximum bond that may be required. See section 146 and the information statement.
- (2) The lessor or the lessor's agent must, within 10 days of receiving the bond or a part of the bond, pay it to the authority and give the authority a notice, in the approved form, about the bond.
- (3) The bond is intended to be available to financially protect the lessor if the tenant breaches this agreement.

Example – The lessor may claim against the bond if the tenant does not leave the premises in the required condition at the end of the tenancy.

Note – For how to apply to the authority or a tribunal for the bond at the end of the tenancy, see the information statement and sections 125 to 141. Delay in applying may mean that payment is made on another application for payment.

14 Increase in bond – s 154

- (1) The tenant must increase the rental bond if –
 - (a) the rent increases and the lessor gives notice to the tenant to increase the bond; and
 - (b) the notice is given at least 11 months after –
 - (i) this agreement started; or
 - (ii) if the bond has been increased previously by a notice given under this clause – the day stated in the notice, or the last notice, for making the increase.

- (2) The notice must state the increased amount and the day by which the increase must be made.
- (3) For subclause (2), the day must be at least 1 month after the tenant is given the notice.

Division 5 Outgoings

15 Outgoings – s 163

- (1) The lessor must pay all charges, levies, premiums, rates or taxes for the premises, other than a service charge.

Examples –
body corporate levies, council general rates, sewerage charges, environment levies, land tax
- (2) This clause does not apply if –
 - (a) the lessor is the State; and
 - (b) rent is not payable under the agreement; and
 - (c) the tenant is an entity receiving financial or other assistance from the State to supply rented accommodation to persons.

16 General service charges – ss 164 and 165

The tenant must pay a service charge, other than a water service charge, for a service supplied to the premises during the tenancy if –

- (a) the tenant enjoys or shares the benefit of the service; and
- (b) the service is stated in this agreement for item 12.1; and
- (c) either –
 - (i) the premises are individually metered for the service; or
 - (ii) this agreement states for item 13 how the tenant's apportionment of the cost of the service is to be worked out; and
- (d) this agreement states for item 14 how the tenant must pay for the service.

Note – Section 165(3) limits the amount the tenant must pay.

17 Water service charges – ss 164 and 166

- (1) The tenant must pay an amount for the water consumption charges for the premises if –
 - (a) the tenant is enjoying or sharing the benefit of a water service to the premises; and
 - (b) the premises are individually metered for the supply of water or water is supplied to the premises by delivery by means of a vehicle; and
 - (c) this agreement states for item 12.2 that the tenant must pay for water supplied to the premises.

Note – A water consumption charge does not include the amount of a water service charge that is a fixed charge for the water service.

- (2) However, the tenant does not have to pay an amount –
 - (a) that is more than the amount of the water consumption charges payable to the relevant water supplier; or
 - (b) that is a fixed charge for the water service to the premises.
- (3) Also, the tenant does not have to pay an amount for a reasonable quantity of water supplied to the premises for a period if, during the period, the premises are not water efficient for section 166.

Note – For details about water efficiency, see the information statement.
- (4) In deciding what is a reasonable quantity of water for subclause (3), regard must be had to the matters mentioned in section 169(4)(a) to (e).
- (5) The tenant must pay the amount of the charge to the lessor within 1 month of the lessor giving the tenant copies of relevant documents about the incurring of the amount.
- (6) In this clause –

water consumption charge, for premises, means the variable part of a water service charge assessed on the volume of water supplied to the premises.

Note – If there is a dispute about how much water (or any other service charge) the tenant should pay, the lessor or the tenant may attempt to resolve the dispute by conciliation. See the information statement for details.

Division 6 Rights and obligations concerning the premises during tenancy

Subdivision 1 Occupation and use of premises

18 No legal impediments to occupation – s 181

The lessor must ensure there is no legal impediment to occupation of the premises by the tenant as a residence for the term of the tenancy if, when entering into this agreement, the lessor knew about the impediment or ought reasonably to have known about it.

Examples of possible legal impediments –

- if there is a mortgage over the premises, the lessor might need to obtain approval from the mortgagee before the tenancy can start
- a certificate might be required under the *Building Act 1975* before the premises can lawfully be occupied
- the zoning of the land might prevent use of a building on the land as a residence

19 Vacant possession and quiet enjoyment – ss 182 and 183

- (1) The lessor must ensure the tenant has vacant possession of the premises (other than a part of the premises that the tenant does not have a right to occupy exclusively) on the day the tenant is entitled to occupy the premises under this agreement.

Editor's note – Parts of the premises where the tenant does not have a right to occupy exclusively may be identified in a special term.

- (2) The lessor must take reasonable steps to ensure the tenant has quiet enjoyment of the premises.
- (3) The lessor or the lessor's agent must not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the premises.

20 Lessor's right to enter the premises – ss 192–199

The lessor or the lessor's agent may enter the premises during the tenancy only if the obligations under sections 192 to 199 have been complied with.

Note – See the information statement for details.

21 Tenant's use of premises – ss 10 and 184

- (1) The tenant may use the premises only as a place of residence or mainly as a place of residence or for another use allowed under a special term.
- (2) The tenant must not –
 - (a) use the premises for an illegal purpose; or
 - (b) cause a nuisance by the use of the premises; or

Examples of things that may constitute a nuisance –

 - using paints or chemicals on the premises that go onto or cause odours on adjoining land
 - causing loud noises
 - allowing large amounts of water to escape onto adjoining land
- (c) interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of a neighbour of the tenant; or
- (d) allow another person on the premises to interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of a neighbour of the tenant.

22 Units and townhouses – s 69

- (1) The lessor must give the tenant a copy of any body corporate by-laws under the *Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997* or *Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980* applicable to –
 - (a) the occupation of the premises; or
 - (b) any common area available for use by the tenant with the premises.
- (2) The tenant must comply with the by-laws.

23 Number of occupants allowed

No more than the number of persons stated in this agreement for item 15 may reside at the premises.

24 Pets

- (1) The tenant may keep pets on the premises only if this agreement states for item 17.1 that pets are approved.
- (2) If this agreement states for item 17.1 that pets are approved and this agreement states for item 17.2 that only –
 - (a) a particular type of pet may be kept, only that type may be kept; or
 - (b) a particular number of pets may be kept, only that number may be kept; or
 - (c) a particular number of a particular type of pet may be kept, only that number of that type may be kept.

Subdivision 2 Standard of premises

25 Lessor's obligations – s 185

- (1) At the start of the tenancy, the lessor must ensure –
 - (a) the premises are clean; and
 - (b) the premises are fit for the tenant to live in; and
 - (c) the premises are in good repair; and
 - (d) the lessor is not in breach of a law dealing with issues about the health or safety of persons using or entering the premises.
- (2) While the tenancy continues, the lessor must –
 - (a) maintain the premises in a way that the premises remain fit for the tenant to live in; and
 - (b) maintain the premises in good repair; and
 - (c) ensure the lessor is not in breach of a law dealing with issues about the health or safety of persons using or entering the premises; and
 - (d) keep any common area included in the premises clean.

Note – For details about the maintenance, see the information statement.
- (3) However, the lessor is not required to comply with subclause (1)(c) or (2)(a) for any non-standard items and the lessor is not responsible for their maintenance if –
 - (a) the lessor is the State; and
 - (b) the non-standard items are stated in this agreement and this agreement states the lessor is not responsible for their maintenance; and
 - (c) the non-standard items are not necessary and reasonable to make the premises a fit place in which to live; and
 - (d) the non-standard items are not a risk to health or safety; and
 - (e) for fixtures – the fixtures were not attached to the premises by the lessor.
- (4) In this clause –

non-standard items means the fixtures attached to the premises and inclusions supplied with the premises stated in this agreement for item 5.2.

premises include any common area available for use by the tenant with the premises.

26 Tenant's obligations – s 188(2) and (3)

- (1) The tenant must keep the premises clean, having regard to their condition at the start of the tenancy.
- (2) The tenant must not maliciously damage, or allow someone else to maliciously damage, the premises.

Subdivision 3 The dwelling

27 Fixtures or structural changes – ss 207–209

- (1) The tenant may attach a fixture, or make a structural change, to the premises only if the lessor agrees to the fixture's attachment or the structural change.

Note – Fixtures are generally items permanently attached to land or to a building that are intended to become part of the land or building. An attachment may include, for example, something glued, nailed or screwed to a wall.
- (2) The lessor's agreement must be written, describe the nature of the fixture or change and include any terms of the agreement.

Examples of terms –

- that the tenant may remove the fixture
 - that the tenant must repair damage caused when removing the fixture
 - that the lessor must pay for the fixture if the tenant can not remove it
- (3) If the lessor does agree, the tenant must comply with the terms of the lessor's agreement.
- (4) The lessor must not act unreasonably in failing to agree.
- (5) If the tenant attaches a fixture, or makes a structural change, to the premises without the lessor's agreement, the lessor may –
- (a) take action for a breach of a term of this agreement; or
 - (b) waive the breach (that is, not take action for the breach) and treat the fixture or change as an improvement to the premises for the lessor's benefit (that is, treat it as belonging to the lessor, without having to pay the tenant for it).

28 Supply of locks and keys – s 210

- (1) The lessor must supply and maintain all locks necessary to ensure the premises are reasonably secure.
- (2) The lessor must give the tenant, or if there is more than 1 tenant, 1 of the tenants, a key for each lock that –
- (a) secures an entry to the premises; or
 - (b) secures a road or other place normally used to gain access to, or leave, the area or building in which the premises are situated; or
 - (c) is part of the premises.
- (3) If there is more than 1 tenant, the lessor must give the other tenants a key for the locks mentioned in subclause (2)(a) and (b).

29 Changing locks – ss 211 and 212

- (1) The lessor or the tenant may change locks if –
- (a) both agree to the change; or
 - (b) there is a tribunal order permitting the change; or
 - (c) there is a reasonable excuse for making the change.
- Example of a reasonable excuse –*
an emergency requiring the lock to be changed quickly
- (2) The lessor or tenant must not act unreasonably in failing to agree to the change of a lock.
- (3) If a lock is changed, the party changing it must give the other party a key for the changed lock unless –
- (a) a tribunal orders that a key not be given; or
 - (b) the other party agrees to not being given a key.

Subdivision 4 Damage and repairs

30 Meaning of emergency and routine repairs – ss 214 and 215

- (1) **Emergency repairs** are works needed to repair any of the following –
- (a) a burst water service or serious water service leak;
 - (b) a blocked or broken lavatory system;
 - (c) a serious roof leak;
 - (d) a gas leak;
 - (e) a dangerous electrical fault;
 - (f) flooding or serious flood damage;
 - (g) serious storm, fire or impact damage;
 - (h) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises;
 - (i) a failure or breakdown of an essential service or appliance on the premises for hot water, cooking or heating;
 - (j) a fault or damage that makes the premises unsafe or insecure;
 - (k) a fault or damage likely to injure a person, damage property or unduly inconvenience a resident of the premises;
 - (l) a serious fault in a staircase, lift or other common area of the premises that unduly inconveniences a resident in gaining access to, or using, the premises.
- (2) **Routine repairs** are repairs other than emergency repairs.

31 Nominated repairer for emergency repairs – s 216

- (1) The lessor's nominated repairer for emergency repairs of a particular type may be stated either –
- (a) in this agreement for item 18; or
 - (b) in a notice given by the lessor to the tenant.
- (2) The nominated repairer is the tenant's first point of contact for notifying the need for emergency repairs.

32 Notice of damage – s 217

- (1) If the tenant knows the premises have been damaged, the tenant must give notice as soon as practicable of the damage.
- (2) If the premises need routine repairs, the notice must be given to the lessor.
- (3) If the premises need emergency repairs, the notice must be given to –
- (a) the nominated repairer for the repairs; or
 - (b) if there is no nominated repairer for the repairs or the repairer can not be contacted – the lessor.

33 Emergency repairs arranged by tenant – ss 218 and 219

- (1) The tenant may arrange for a suitably qualified person to make emergency repairs or apply to the tribunal under section 221 for orders about the repairs if –
- (a) the tenant has been unable to notify the lessor or nominated repairer of the need for emergency repairs of the premises; or
 - (b) the repairs are not made within a reasonable time after notice is given.
- (2) The maximum amount that may be incurred for emergency repairs arranged to be made by the tenant is an amount equal to the amount payable under this agreement for 2 weeks rent.
- Note – For how the tenant may require reimbursement for the repairs, see sections 219(2) and (3) and 220 and the information statement.*

Division 7 Restrictions on transfer or subletting by tenant

34 General – ss 238 and 240

- (1) Subject to clause 35, the tenant may transfer all or a part of the tenant's interest under this agreement, or sublet the premises, only if the lessor agrees in writing or if the transfer or subletting is made under a tribunal order.
- (2) The lessor must act reasonably in failing to agree to the transfer or subletting.
- (3) The lessor is taken to act unreasonably in failing to agree to the transfer or subletting if the lessor acts in a capricious or retaliatory way.
- (4) The lessor or the lessor's agent must not require the tenant to pay, or accept from the tenant, an amount for the lessor's agreement to a transfer or subletting by the tenant, other than an amount for the reasonable expenses incurred by the lessor in agreeing to the transfer or subletting.

35 State assisted lessors or employees of lessor – s 237

- (1) This clause applies if –
- (a) the lessor is the State; or
 - (b) the lessor is an entity receiving assistance from the State to supply rented accommodation; or
 - (c) the tenant's right to occupy the premises comes from the tenant's terms of employment.
- (2) The tenant may transfer the whole or part of the tenant's interest under this agreement, or sublet the premises, only if the lessor agrees in writing to the transfer or subletting.

Division 8 When agreement ends

36 Ending of agreement – s 277

- (1) This agreement ends only if –
- (a) the tenant and the lessor agree in writing; or

- (b) the lessor gives a notice to leave the premises to the tenant and the tenant hands over vacant possession of the premises to the lessor on or after the handover day; or
- (c) the tenant gives a notice of intention to leave the premises to the lessor and hands over vacant possession of the premises to the lessor on or after the handover day; or
- (d) a tribunal makes an order terminating this agreement; or
- (e) the tenant abandons the premises; or
- (f) after receiving a notice from a mortgagee under section 317, the tenant vacates, or is removed from, the premises.

Note – For when a notice to leave or a notice of intention to leave may be given and its effect and when an application for a termination order may be made to a tribunal, see the information statement.

- (2) Also, if a sole tenant dies, this agreement terminates in accordance with section 277(7) or (8).

Note – See the information statement for details.

37 Condition premises must be left in – s 188(4)

At the end of the tenancy, the tenant must leave the premises, as far as possible, in the same condition they were in at the start of the tenancy, fair wear and tear excepted.

Examples of what may be fair wear and tear –

- wear that happens during normal use
- changes that happen with ageing

38 Keys

At the end of the tenancy, the tenant must return to the lessor all keys for the premises.

39 Tenant's forwarding address – s 205(2)

- (1) When handing over possession of the premises, the tenant must, if the lessor or the lessor's agent asks the tenant in writing to state the tenant's new residential address, tell the lessor or the agent the tenant's new residential address.
- (2) However, subclause (1) does not apply if the tenant has a reasonable excuse for not telling the lessor or agent the new address.

40 Exit condition report – s 66

- (1) As soon as practicable after this agreement ends, the tenant must prepare, in the approved form, and sign a condition report for the premises and give 1 copy of the report to the lessor or the lessor's agent.

Example of what might be as soon as practicable – when the tenant returns the keys to the lessor or the lessor's agent

Note – For the approved form for the condition report, see the information statement. The report may be very important in deciding who is entitled to a refund of the rental bond if there is a dispute about the condition of the premises.

- (2) The lessor or the lessor's agent must, within 3 business days after receiving the copy of the report –
 - (a) sign the copy; and
 - (b) if the lessor or agent does not agree with the report – show the parts of the report the lessor or agent disagrees with by marking the copy in an appropriate way; and
 - (c) if the tenant has given a forwarding address to the lessor or agent – make a copy of the report and return it to the tenant at the address.
- (3) The lessor or agent must keep a copy of the condition report signed by both parties for at least 1 year after this agreement ends.

41 Goods or documents left behind on premises – ss 363 and 364

- (1) The tenant must take all of the tenant's belongings from the premises at the end of the tenancy.
- (2) The lessor may not treat belongings left behind as the lessor's own property, but must deal with them under sections 363 and 364.

Note – For details of the lessor's obligations under sections 363 and 364, see the information statement. They may include an obligation to store goods and may allow the lessor to sell goods and pay the net sale proceeds (after storage and selling costs) to the public trustee.

Division 9 Miscellaneous

42 Supply of goods and services – s 171

- (1) The lessor or the lessor's agent must not require the tenant to buy goods or services from the lessor or a person nominated by the lessor or agent.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply to a requirement about a service charge.

Note – See section 164 for what is a service charge.

43 Lessor's agent

- (1) The name and address for service of the lessor's agent is stated in this agreement for item 3.
- (2) Unless a special term provides otherwise, the agent may –
 - (a) stand in the lessor's place in any application to a tribunal by the lessor or the tenant; or
 - (b) do any thing else the lessor may do, or is required to do, under this agreement.

44 Notices

- (1) A notice under this agreement must be written and, if there is an approved form for the notice, in the approved form.

Note – See the information statement for a list of the approved forms.
- (2) A notice from the tenant to the lessor may be given to the lessor's agent.
- (3) A notice may be given to a party to this agreement or the lessor's agent –
 - (a) by giving it to the party or agent personally; or
 - (b) if an address for service for the party or agent is stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3 – by leaving it at the address, sending it by prepaid post as a letter to the address; or
 - (c) if a facsimile number for the party or agent is stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3 and item 4 indicates that a notice may be given by facsimile – by sending it by facsimile to the facsimile number in accordance with the *Electronic Transactions (Queensland) Act 2001*; or
 - (d) if an email address for the party or agent is stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3 and item 4 indicates that a notice may be given by email – by sending it electronically to the email address in accordance with the *Electronic Transactions (Queensland) Act 2001*.
- (4) A party or the lessor's agent may withdraw his or her consent to notices being given to them by facsimile or email only by giving notice to each other party that notices are no longer to be given to the party or agent by facsimile or email.
- (5) If no address for service is stated in this agreement for item 2 for the tenant, the tenant's address for service is taken to be the address of the premises.
- (6) A party or the lessor's agent may change his or her address for service, facsimile number or email address only by giving notice to each other party of a new address for service, facsimile number or email address.
- (7) On the giving of a notice of a new address for service, facsimile number or email address for a party or the lessor's agent, the address for service, facsimile number or email address stated in the notice is taken to be the party's or agent's address for service, facsimile number or email address stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3.
- (8) Unless the contrary is proved –
 - (a) a notice left at an address for service is taken to have been received by the party to whom the address relates when the notice was left at the address; and
 - (b) a notice sent by post is taken to have been received by the person to whom it was addressed when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post; and
 - (c) a notice sent by facsimile is taken to have been received at the place where the facsimile was sent when the sender's facsimile machine produces a transmission report indicating all pages of the notice have been successfully sent; and
 - (d) a notice sent by email is taken to have been received by the recipient when the email enters the recipient's email server.

Part 3 Special terms Insert any special terms here and/or attach a separate list if required. See clause 2(4) to 2(6)

See Standard Special Terms as Annexure A and Additional Special Terms (if applicable) as Annexure B of this agreement.

The tenant/s must receive a copy of the information statement (Form 17a) and a copy of any applicable by-laws if copies have not previously been given to the tenant/s. **Do not send to the RTA—give this form to the tenant/s, keep a copy for your records.**

Signature of lessor/agent

Name/trading name

Oriental Mgt Group P/L ATF The Zhengs Family Trust T/As

Signature

Date / /

in the presence of (witness)

Print name

Witness signature

Date / /

Signature of tenant 1

Print name

Signature

Date / /

in the presence of (witness)

Print name

Witness signature

Date / /

Signature of tenant 2

Print name

Signature

Date / /

in the presence of (witness)

Print name

Witness signature

Date / /

Signature of tenant 3

Print name

Signature

Date / /

in the presence of (witness)

Print name

Witness signature

Date / /

Annexure A - Standard Special Terms & Conditions

Insert any special terms here. See clauses 2(3) to 2(5) of Standard Terms.

1. Rent - Clause

The amount of \$ in Clause 7 includes rent per calendar month; Unlimited Internet; Telephone connection/incoming calls, \$ electricity and hot water pre payment.

2. Correspondence / Contact with Office –

2.1 General Correspondence – In signing this lease you agree that the preferred method of correspondence for matters of a general nature is by email. You also agree to receive all correspondence including notices by email to the address provided by you.

2.2 Office Hours – The tenant agrees to contact the Office / Building Managers in person / by phone ONLY between the published office opening hours of Mon/Tues/Thurs/Fri – 9am to Noon and 2pm to 5pm – unless otherwise published.

2.3 After Hours – The tenant agrees to contact the Building Managers during the designated office hours unless the matter is of an emergency nature in which case the after-hours number can be called. Emergency matters are defined as a major water leak that will cause damage to the property if not repaired immediately, the complete loss of power to the tenants unit or a fire or other life threatening situation. Tenants acknowledge that they may be charged a callout fee (see clause 4 below) if the afterhours contact is not a valid emergency.

3. Other Documents that form part of this lease agreement

The tenant undertakes to read and comply with the content and related links specifically:

3.1 Letter of Offer – as emailed to you prior to you paying the initial Holding Deposit

3.2 By Laws – <http://altitudeapartments.com.au/the-by-laws/>

3.3 House Rules – <http://altitudeapartments.com.au/about/house-rules/>

3.4 Utility Supply Policy – <http://altitudeapartments.com.au/about/house-rules/> see Point 4 – Utility Supply Policy

3.5 Internet Fair Use Policy – <http://altitudeapartments.com.au/about/house-rules/> see Point 5 - Internet Fair Use Policy.

Failure to comply with the conditions of those agreements will be a breach of this lease agreement.

4. Service Fees Payable – Please refer to the Service Fee Schedule for the following services / charges:

- Outgoing telephone calls ; After Hours Lockout ; After Hours Security / Noise Breach ; Replacement of Lost or Stolen keys ; Community washing machine / dryer; Replacement consumables (eg batteries; light bulbs; vacuum bags) ; Carpet / Lounge cleaning ; Exit Cleaning

5. Inventories – All share units have kitchen packs included unless otherwise agreed. The Tenant is to pay for light globe and battery replacement - regardless of the period of occupancy. Tenants must replace any broken inventory items. Any damage to supplied inventories must be reported to management and replacement / repair agreed.

6. Storage – all belongings must be contained within the unit. No furniture or other large items are permitted to be left outside of your unit. No boxes or sundry items are to be stored on balconies or in the car park area.

7. Noise – residents are not permitted to make excessive noise at any time. **No** noise is allowed between 10:30pm and 7am. This means that no other tenant should be able to hear you, or your guests. The tenant agrees that if the Building Manager is required to attend a complaint due to noise within the curfew period, that an after hour callout fee will apply (refer Service Fee Schedule for current charges).

8. Rubbish – All rubbish must be placed in the bins provided in each building. Boxes are to be flattened before being placed in bins – and are NOT to be left beside bins.

9. Smoking – there is a ban on cigarette smoking inside units. Smoking is permitted on balconies. Tenants must dispose of all butts in wind proof containers. Under no circumstances are butts to be flicked from the balcony.

10. Fire Alarms – If you set off the fire alarm in the common area, the fire brigade will come and if there is no fire, you will be charged the substantial call-out fee.

11. Use of Facilities – the Gym, Laundry, Pool and BBQ are also not to be used between 10:30pm and 7am. The lights will automatically turn off in these areas at 10:30pm.

Fair Use policy applies for equipment – if washing is left unattended in a machine and the cycle has completed, a tenant wishing to use the machine is permitted to remove the washing and place in the basket provided.

The BBQ must be cleaned after use and all rubbish placed in bins. Use of gym equipment is at your own risk.

12. Guests – behaviour of guests is tenant responsibility. Tenant undertakes to advise and agree with share-mates at all times when guests stay overnight. Tenant undertakes to advise management of extended or regular stays of guests (more than 5 nights in any 30 day period – extra rental charge of \$20 per week applies).

13. Visitor Car parking – are only for visitors, maximum 12 consecutive hours & only when the visitor is in the company of tenant. Residents are not permitted to use visitor car parks at any time.

14. Ending the Tenancy

14.1 Breaking of Lease (early) – your lease will incur a penalty equal to 1 weeks rent + GST, plus you will be required to pay rent until a replacement tenant is found.

14.2 Other Exit Costs – On departure of a tenant, management determines repair costs and state of cleanliness of apartment/balcony.

14.2 Exit clean – you have the option to clean yourself or we can assist you with engaging a professional clean – we recommend using a professional.

14.3 Carpets and sofa – The carpets and lounge are supplied to you cleaned by a professional carpet cleaner. Each 12 months and/or at the end of your tenancy the carpets must be returned to the same status. You have the option of engaging your own professional carpet cleaner (and supply receipt) or you can utilise the services of the Altitude professional cleaner– there is no option to undertake the carpet clean yourself.

14.4 Rubbish removal – all rubbish must be removed at the end of your tenancy even if you have booked our cleaners, as rubbish removal fees apply.

14.5 Kitchen packs – must be cleaned by tenants at the end of each tenancy or charges apply.

15. Insurance – Tenants are responsible for their own insurance.

Tenant Acknowledgement – We specifically note and understand the Ending Tenancy (Clause 14) and understand and accept that there are cleaning & other costs associated with ending the tenancy.

Tenant/s Signature _____